

Approved for Public Release



Spacelift Development Plan

SMC/XR Development Planning

Approved for Public Release

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SDP Context within AFSPC LET Vision

**Focus of
SDP
for
Near, Mid &
Far Term**



- **Lighter and Leaner Operations**
 - Right-sizing range infrastructure
- **More Efficient LV Acquisition**
 - Tailoring capability to today's needs
 - Posturing for tomorrow
- **User-Needs Focused**
 - EELV; NASA; NRO; Navy; MDA; Commercial
 - Telemetry most pressing user need
 - Optics, weather
- **Total Force Integration**
 - Take full advantage of Total Force

AFSPC Vision



Public Safety; Assured Access; Mission Success



Requirements & Drivers

Sources

- EELV ORD AFSPC 002-93-II
 - Performance (lbs)

| | | | |
|--------|--------|------|--------|
| LEO: | 17,000 | GTO: | 8,500 |
| Polar: | 41,000 | GEO: | 13,500 |
 - Demonstrated reliability 97% (heavy) 97.5% (all others)
 - Cost Reduction: 25% (threshold) 50% (objective)
- National Security Presidential Directive 40 (NSPD-40)
 - Dramatic improvement in reliability, responsiveness & cost
 - Encourage / facilitate U.S. commercial space transportation industry to support U.S. space transportation goals
- Spacelift "required force" roadmap*
 - EELV through 2029; Minotaur I/IV through 2019
 - Planned development for next-gen med-heavy launcher starts in FY15, with IOC in FY25
 - Planned devel for next-gen small launcher starts in FY14, with IOC in FY18

Responsive Launch, not formalized but likely to include

- ORS / PGS: 1-5 klb to LEO, equivalent
- Reconstitution / Augmentation "within days"
- Flexibility, adaptability, and assuredness

Spacelift Drivers

- ☒ Performance
- ☒ Reliability
- ☒ Cost Reduction
- ☐ Dramatic Cost Reduction
- ☐ Responsiveness
- ☐ Lift flexibility

*Per FY10 Launch, Range, and Networks (LRN) Capability Plan (CP) draft, consistent with AFSPC FY10 Strategic Recapitalization Plan (SRP)

Affordable responsive lift for full range of payloads



Analysis of Future Systems

VEHICLE OPTIONS

- **Expendable**



- **Partly Reusable**

- Reusable booster with expendable upper stages



- **Fully Reusable**

- All Rocket (Two-Stage-to-Orbit (TSTO))
- All Hypersonic (TBCC + RBCC)*
- Rocket and Hypersonic (RBCC)



*TBCC = Turbine-Based Combined Cycle

*RBCC = Rocket-Based Combined Cycle

TECHNICAL FACTORS

- **Cost**
- **Reliability**
- **Reusability vs. expendability**
- **Mass fraction**
- **Margins**
- **Propulsive efficiency**
- **Operations**
- **Technology maturity**
- **Launch rates**
- **Responsiveness**

INFRASTRUCTURE





Reusable Booster System (RBS) Concept

~ Mach 3.5 - 7 Separation lowers thermal protection requirement

Spaceflight Drivers

- ☒ Performance
- ☒ Reliability
- ☒ Cost Reduction
- ☐ Dramatic Cost Reduction
- ☐ Responsiveness
- ☐ Lift flexibility

Reusable Booster + Expendable Upper Stages

Potential

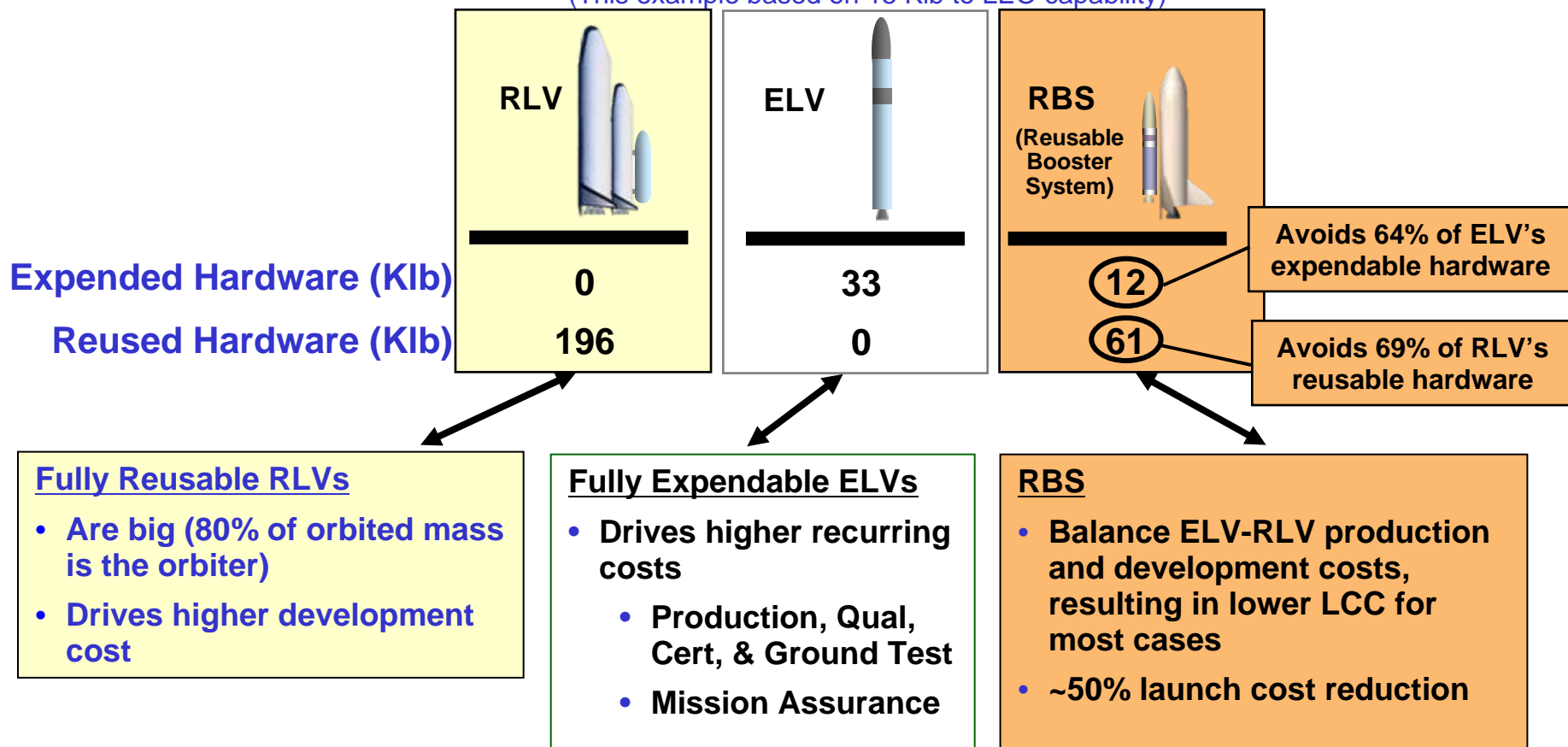
- 50% cost reduction
- 48-hr booster turn-around
- Flexible basing

Lowest life cycle cost for likely launch rates



Effects of Reusability and Expendability

(This example based on 15 Klb to LEO capability)



**Reusable booster with expendable upper stages
is an optimum combination to reduce launch cost.**



Difference between Reusable 'Manned' Orbiter and 'Unmanned' Reusable Booster

Most labor-intensive systems are eliminated...

| Subsystem | Shuttle Orbiter man-hrs/flight | Reusable Booster | Explanation |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Thermal Protection Tiles (TPS) | 18,914 | 10's of man-hours | Not needed. Thermal environment 20x less than orbiter. |
| Crew Support Systems | 15,893 | Subsystem Eliminated | Not needed. Reusable booster is an unmanned vehicle. |
| Toxic Aux. Power Unit (APU) | 8,056 | Subsystem Eliminated | Not needed. Batteries provide power for actuation. |
| H2/O2 Fuel Cells | 2,487 | Subsystem Eliminated | Not needed. Batteries provide power. |
| Orbital Maneuvering System (OMS) | 3,848 | Subsystem Eliminated | Not needed. No on-orbit operations. |

Increasing margin increases system life

| | | | |
|----------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Block 1 Main Engines | R/R Every Flight | R/R Every 10 th Flight | 15% Operating Margin – Longer Life |
|----------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|

Eliminating orbit environment, short flight time, and increasing margins simplifies remaining systems

Hydraulics / On-Orbit Thermal Control / Reaction Control System / Data System / etc.

Reusable booster avoids complexities and maintenance needs of a reusable orbiter

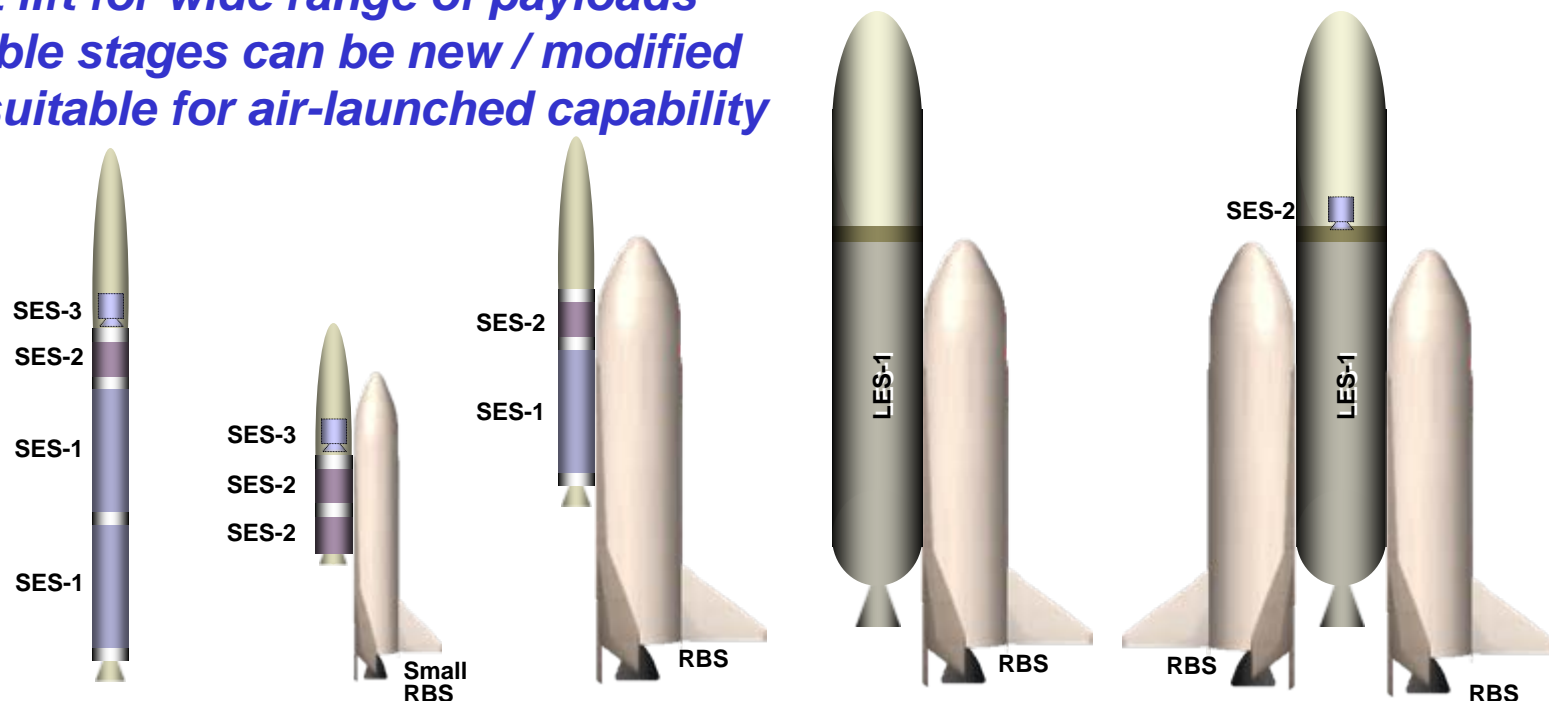


Architecture Example

- *Modular architecture, utilizing a few common elements*
- *Low-cost lift for wide range of payloads*
- *Expendable stages can be new / modified*
 - *Also suitable for air-launched capability*

Spacelift Drivers

- ☒ Performance
- ☒ Reliability
- ☒ Cost Reduction
- ☒ Dramatic Cost Reduction
- ☒ Responsiveness
- ☒ Lift flexibility



| | Small | Small | Med-Lite | Medium | Heavy |
|--------------|-----------|-------|----------|--------|--------|
| Lb to LEO | 5,000 | 5,000 | 16,500 | 50,000 | 64,000 |
| Cost savings | 0 | ~33% | ~50% | ~50% | ~50% |
| Approx IOC | 2015-2020 | 2019 | 2025 | 2025 | 2030 |

SES = Small Expendable Stage, LES = Large Expendable Stage

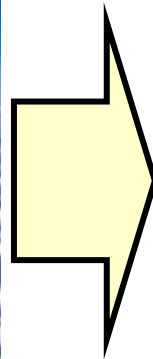


Path to the Future: RBS Demo



AFRL Budget Supports

- FAST X-vehicle size ground experiment
- Sub X-vehicle class flight experiment



Cost & Ops databases

Safe return-to-base validation

Controllability characteristics

System integration and performance

- Structure / Tanks / Thermal
- Reusable Propulsion
- Mechanical / Electrical / Comm
- Design Tools
- Health Management for Quick Turn

Autonomous flight control demo

Upper stage sep characteristics data

Risk Reduction for operational system

Demos: Integrated Guidance & Control, Flight Structure, & Aero Flight



Gen. Kehler's Perspective

- On 20 Jan, SMC/XR briefed SDP to Gen. Kehler
- **Gen. Kehler feedback:**
 - Acknowledged RBS conceptual approach in lowering launch cost and improving responsiveness
 - Supports AFRL funded RBS demonstration to verify affordability and operability estimates
 - Socialize the SDP with the National Security Space Enterprise and NASA
- **Gen. Kehler direction:**
 - Expand SDP to provide a comprehensive plan that encompasses a wider set of missions, e.g., NASA, strike, missile defense, and commercial
 - Must address space debris control/abatement and other political requirements
 - No decision on EELV follow-on until integrated SDP is complete/approved
 - A5 to develop revised (broader) Initial Capabilities Document (ICD)
 - AFSPC/SMC to investigate FY12 POM opportunities to partner with AFRL and increase RBS demo capability



SDP Way Ahead

- Socialize SDP with National Security Space Enterprise
 - **USECAF**
 - **SAF/USA**
 - **OSD ATL**
 - **NRO**
 - **AF-NASA Partnership Council**
- Coordinate with NASA, MDA, & PGS
 - **Expand the SDP ICD Requirements**
- Obtain industry input
 - **Industry Day**
- Establish demonstrator as top technology priority
 - **Form team to plan demonstrator risk reduction, demonstrator objectives, and required funding**